

Fortnightly email mini-magazine from Gopal Jiu Publications

Issue No. 498Śrī Varūthinī Ekādaśī6 May 2021Circulation 9,875

• MEETING KRISHNA FACE TO FACE His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

• THE CUSTODIAN AND DOORKEEPER OF THE STOREHOUSE OF PREMA Sri Srimad Gour Govinda Swami Maharaja

• OFFERING THE RAREST LOVE — PART FIVE Commentary on Vidagdha-mādhavam (1.2)

• THE GLORIOUS WRITINGS OF SRI JIVA The Medieval poet Balaram Das





MEETING KRISHNA FACE TO FACE His Divine Grace A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

There is no difference between chanting of Hare Krishna mantra and meeting Krishna eye to eye, face to face. There is no difference. Simply one has to realize. The more you become purified by chanting this Hare Krishna mantra, you see Krishna face to face. People are asking, "Can you show me God?" You can see God. Simply prepare your eyes. Simply prepare your ears. You will see by hearing.

This is a very scientific movement, authorized, practical. You chant the Hare Krishna mantra and you will realize that gradually you are advancing to meet Krishna face to face. That is possible. Chant Hare Krishna.

- From a lecture in Bombay. 12 January 1973.

THE CUSTODIAN AND DOORKEEPER OF THE STOREHOUSE OF PREMA

Sri Srimad Gour Govinda Swami Maharaja

Mahaprabhu is prema-purusottama, he gives krsnaprema. That prema is like an unlimited ocean. Whoever is the custodian of that storehouse of prema and whoever is the doorkeeper of that storehouse, by their mercy you can get it. Nityananda Prabhu is the custodian and Sanatan Goswami is the doorkeeper. Therefore, here you see Mahaprabhu manifested himself in the form of Nityananda Prabhu. Nityananda Prabhu is more merciful, more munificent, and more magnanimous than Chaitanya Mahaprabhu. Nityananda Prabhu distributes prema with two hands, not with one hand. He is always intoxicated with that prema-madirā, intoxicating prema. He is avadhūta-dhārana, one who has the nature of a madman. He is more indiscriminate than Gaurasundar. Previously there were very strong doors and bolts on that storehouse, but when Mahaprabhu appeared and gave the custodianship to Nityananda Prabhu and engaged Sanatan Goswami as the doorkeeper, they broke open the doors. Sanatan Goswami wrote a commentary on the tenth canto of Śrīmad Bhāgavatam called Brhad-vaisnava-tosanī, and thus he opened the door, unbolted it, and called everyone, "O my brothers, please come! Now the door is open. It is unbolted. Come and take this mellow. Drown yourself in this unlimited

Issue Four Hundred Ninety-Seven, Page – 2

ocean of *prema*. If you take this *prema* then you will consider the position of Lord Brahma to be very, very insignificant." Mahaprabhu knows the nature of these two personalities, therefore He appointed them in these positions. Without the mercy of such *vaiṣṇavas* no one can understand *bhāgavata-dharma-tattva*. *Nirmatsarāṇāṁ satāṁ vedyaṁ* — only those *vaiṣṇavas* who are *nirmatsara*, non-envious, can understand *bhāgavata-dharma-tattva*. [*Bhāg*. 1.1.2] Otherwise no one can understand the *Bhāgavata*. The *Bhāgavata* will never reveal himself before them. Only those who are *nirmatsara*, and free from crookedness, *kāpaṭya*, can understand *bhāgavata-dharma*.

There are three types of crooked persons, *dhana-kapați*, *bala-kapați*; and *prema-kapați*. *Dhana-kapațis* are those persons who have much wealth, but they never spend it for the propagation of *bhāgavata-dharma*. They never give donations to *bhakta-bhāgavata,* the *vaiṣṇavas* who are propagating *bhāgavata-dharma*. They are the number one type of *kapați*, crooked person. They never spend their wealth for the service of Sri Guru, Krishna, or the *vaiṣṇavas*, but instead they spend so much money in other ways. They are *kṛpaṇa*, misers. They cannot understand *bhāgavata-dharma*. They cannot get the mercy of Mahaprabhu. They cannot get *prema*, even though Mahaprabhu is offering it.

The second type of *kapați*, crooked, duplicitous person, is the *bala-kapați*. He has strength, but even though Mahaprabhu's tumultuous *kīrtana* is going on, he is not dancing in that *kīrtana*. He has strength, but he doesn't dance, *tāņḍava-nṛtya*, in *gaura-kīrtana*.

The third type of *kapați* is the *prema-kapați*. He has not gotten prema, but he develops the *abhimāna*, "Oh, I am a *vaiṣṇava*. I am a great devotee." These three types of *kapațis* cannot get Mahaprabhu's mercy. They cannot understand *bhāgavata-dharma-tattva*. They cannot get *prema* unless they give up their *kāpaţya* and enviousness and serve sadhu, guru and *vaiṣṇava* — *niṣkapaţa-seva*. They should render service without duplicity and get the mercy of Mahaprabhu. Even though Mahaprabhu is giving *prema* indiscriminately, they cannot get it. **1** — *The Worship of Sri Guru* pp. 63-65. Gopal Jiu Publications. Bhubaneswar. 2000. Lecture in Bhubaneswar. 3 March 1995.

OFFERING THE RAREST LOVE - PART 5

Commentary on Vidagdha-mādhavam (1.2) Attributed to Srila Jiva Goswami

anarpita-carīm cirāt karuņayāvatīrņaḥ kalau samarpayitum unnatojjvala-rasām sva-bhakti-śriyam

श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु

harih purața-sundara-dyuti-kadamba-sandīpitah sadā hrdaya-kandare sphuratu vah śacī-nandanah

The fortune of his own *bhakti* replete with the highest variety of *mādhurya-rasa* was not offered by anyone for a long time. In order to offer that fortune in the age of Kali-yuga, Hari appeared mercifully. His complexion glowed due to his multitudes of radiance that are more resplendent than molten gold. May that Hari, also known as the son of Sachi, always appear within the core of the caves of your hearts.

Continuation of Commentary: [Objection]: Alright, but please listen! It is well known that when the sages at Dandakaranya, the śrutis, Gayatri-devi, etc., appeared in Vraja as <u>rși-cārī gopīs</u>, śruti-cārī gopīs, etc., Lord Gokulchandra bestowed <u>ujjvala-rasa</u> upon them. Besides this, there are also statements such as, <u>kṛṣṇād anyaḥ ko vā latāsv api prema-do bhavati</u> — "Who besides Krishna is capable of bestowing prema even upon the inanimate creepers?" (*Laghubhāgavatāmṛtam* 1.5.37). These statements prove that Krishna bestowed <u>ujjvala-rasa</u> even upon the unqualified. [So what's special about Gaura?]

[Reply:] True indeed! That same prince of Vraja has now appeared as Gaura. Why should one differentiate between both of them? Also, even if a king bestows charity upon others within the closed quarters of his palace, that doesn't prove his magnanimity, even though such a king may give away everything just like a desire tree. The king's true magnanimity is proven only when he bestows charity upon the fallen, downtrodden people outside his kingdom. This is proved by statements such as, *api ca kṛpaṇapakṣe hy uttama-śloka-śabdaḥ* — "The epithet *uttamaśloka* (the most worthy of glorification) is suitable only for a person who takes sides with the miserly and fallen." (Śrīmad *Bhāgavatam* 10.47.15)

[**Translator's Note:** The implication is that Krishna only bestowed *ujjvala-rasa* upon the *rṣi-cārī gopīs*, śruticārī *gopīs* when they took birth as *gopīs* in Vraja. Thus, Krishna is like the king who gives charity only to selected people within the closed quarters of his palace. Gaura on the other hand comes out and distributes *ujjvala-rasa* even to the most fallen, downtrodden people. Thus, only Gaura can truly be called *uttama-śloka*.]

[Question:] Are there any currently existing treasure-houses containing the jewels of *prema*, deposited by Gaura, from where other fortunate people can also become rich in *prema*?



Srila Jiva Goswami speaks to his students Shyamananda Prabhu, Rasikananda Prabhu, and Narottam Das Thakur

[Reply:] Yes there are the eighteen thousand verses of the Śrīmad *Bhāgavatam*, and by listening to them one develops *prema*. This is described in the *Bhāgavatam* itself, *yasyām* vai śrūyamāņāyām *kṛṣṇe parama-pūruṣe bhaktir utpadyate* — "Verily, by listening to this literature, pure devotion unto the Supreme Personality Krishna develops." (Śrīmad *Bhāgavatam* 1.7.7) In this way, through the Śrīmad *Bhāgavatam*, Gaura himself distributes the jewels of love, and there is nothing astonishing about this.

[Question:] If Gaura is the main distributor of the treasure-house of Śrīmad *Bhāgavatam*, then who is the devotee in charge of this treasure-house? Who is the door-keeper? Does the treasure-house have gates or not?

[Reply:] The person in charge is Nityananda Prabhu, who also distributes the jewels with both his hands. Due to being completely intoxicated with *prema*, he is even more devoid of the sense of discrimination between qualified and unqualified. The door-keeper is Sri Sanatan Goswami, who removed all the existing gates, sharp nails on the gates, etc., by writing his *vaiṣṇava-toṣaņī* commentary. Doing so, he invites one and all and says, "O brother! Come here for experiencing how to drown in the ocean of *prema!* By experiencing the happiness of *prema*, even the attainment of the impersonal *brahman* will also become insignificant."

Knowing these facts very well, the Lord has given authority to these two individuals for their respective tasks.

[Not everyone who reads the *Bhāgavatam* gets *prema*. How then can we say that Gaura distributes *prema* through the medium of the *Bhāgavatam*? In reply to this, the commentator says:] Even though the Śrīmad *Bhāgavatam* doesn't bestow *prema* on one and all, it is still known as *premadaḥ*, bestower of *prema*. This is because crooked cheaters in the name of religiosity are rejected from receiving *prema*. Three types of crooked cheaters are rejected: 1)

Issue Four Hundred Ninety-Seven, Page — 4

dhana-kapațī, crooked due to wealth; 2) bala-kapațī, crooked due to not showing required strength; and 3) prema-kapațī, crooked due to false displays of prema.

Dhana-kapațī refers to people who stay away from service to guru, Krishna, and the vaiṣṇavas, even after hearing the glories of Bhāgavata-dharma, but at the same time are expert in spending tens of millions of times more in anti-devotional acts in hopes of getting more returns. Such persons are extremely hesitant to even give a few hundred for Bhāgavata-dharma.

Next, even though capable in all ways, some people exhibit extreme sloth when it comes to serving Krishna and *vaiṣṇavas*, and are also lazy in dancing nicely in the *saṅkīrtana* process of Mahaprabhu. Such people are *bala-kapațī*.

Finally, there is the person who doesn't have *prema* and is also devoid of the intense desire to attain such *prema*. Such a person is instead possessed of the false pride that, "I am now a devotee." Such a person is known as *prema-kapațī*.

Having given up all of one's crookedness, one who becomes inundated by the causeless mercy of the great souls of the past ends up attaining *prema*.

(To be continued)

- Sanskrit transliteration from Gaudiya Grantha Mandir: http://granthamandira.org

SRI KRISHNA KATHAMRITA BINDU

A free bi-monthly service provided by:

Gopal Jiu Publications

IRC Village

c/o Sri Krishna Balarama Mandir National Highway No. 5



P

Bhubaneswar, Odisha, India 751015

Email: katha@gopaljiu.org

Website: www.gopaljiu.org

Subscriptions: minimag@gopaljiu.org

Gopal Jiu Publications is a section of the International Society for Krishna Consciousness, Founder-Acharya: His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada.

Quotations from the books, letters, and lectures of His Divine Grace A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada ©Bhaktivedanta Book Trust. All other materials, unless specified, © ISKCON Gopal Jiu Publications. All rights reserved. Blanket permission is given to redistribute Bindu in electronic or print form provided no changes are made to the contents.



श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्द

Srila Jiva Goswami's original handwriting at the Vrindavan Research Institute in Vrindavan

THE GLORIOUS WRITINGS OF SRI JIVA

The medieval poet Balaram Das

rūpa-sanātana saṅge śrī-jīva-gosāñi kata bhakti-grantha kaila lekhā-jokhā nāi

Srila Jiva Goswami wrote many devotional literatures in the association of Sri Rupa and Sanatana. The number of books composed by him knows no bounds.

manera vāsanā ātma-śuddhira kāraņa katipaya grantha-nāma kariba kīrtana

Desiring to purify myself [I take up glorification of these literatures]. Now I shall glorify the names of some of these literatures.

gopāla-virudāvalī kṛṣṇa-pada-cihna śrī-mādhava-mahotsava rādhā-pada-cihna

śrī-gopāla-campū āra rasāmṛta-śeṣa kṛpāmbudhi-stava ṣaṭa sandarbha viśeṣa

sūtra-mālā dhātu-saṅgraha kṛṣṇārcana saṅkalpa-kalpa-vṛkṣa harināma-vyākaraṇa

[These books include] Śrī Gopāla-virudāvalī, Śrī Kṛṣṇa-pada-cihna, Śrī Mādhava-mahotsava, Śrī Rādhā-pada-cihna, Śrī Gopāla-campū, Bhaktirasāmṛta-śeṣa, Kṛpāmbudhi-stava and especially the six Sandarbhas, as well as Sūtra-mālā, Dhātusaṅgraha, Rādhā-kṛṣṇārcana-dīpikā, Saṅkalpakalpadruma and Hari-nāmāmrta-vyākarana.

likhilā nikhila grantha kata kaiba nāma khulilā bhaktira dvāra kahe balarāma

So many literatures have been written by him. How can I speak them all? Balaram Das says, "The doors of *bhakti* have been opened by these literatures."

Translated from Vaiṣṇava Padāvalī, fourth edition, April
2010. Compiled and edited by Hare Krishna Mukhopadhyay.
Published by Shishu Sahitya Sansad Pvt. Ltd., Kolkata.

