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#### • An Epidemic Condition

His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

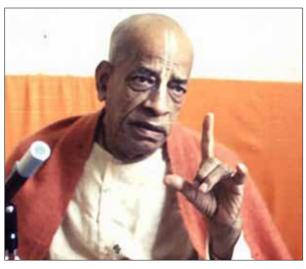
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An Epidemic Condition

### His Divine Grace A. C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

We have to be very careful. The age is very bad, the *Kali-yuga*. You are experiencing. We have to simply take shelter of Krishna and always cry:

kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, he! kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, he! kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, rakṣa mām! kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, kṛṣṇa, pāhi mām! rāma rāghava, rāma rāghava, rāma rāghava, rakṣa mām! kṛṣṇa keśava, kṛṣṇa keśava, kṛṣṇa keśava, pāhi mām!

Like that, as Chaitanya Mahaprabhu taught us. The time is very dangerous. In this dangerous time... Just like in an epidemic condition where everyone is being contaminated and dying, still, the doctors appointed by the government have to go into the epidemic area and try to treat the person and save them. Our duty is like that. The whole atmosphere is epidemic, whole atmosphere, this *Kali-yuga*. And still, by the superior orders we have to preach this Krishna consciousness movement.

Therefore, our only shelter is Krishna — krsna, krsna

## PROPER KRISHNA KIRTANA Srila Bhaktisiddhanta Saraswati Thakur Prabhupada

The meaning the first verse of the Śikṣāṣṭaka: ceto-darpaṇa-mārjanaṁ bhava-mahā-dāvāgni-nirvāpaṇaṁ śreyah-kairava-candrikā-vitaranaṁ vidyā-vadhū-jīvanam

next column 🖝

ānandāmbudhi-vardhanam prati-padam pūrņāmrtāsvādanam sarvātma-snapanam param vijayate śrī-krsna-sankīrtanam

The phrase ceto-darpana-mārjana indicates the removal of unauthorized philosophical speculation, the cheating propensity, previous anarthas, and all inauspiciousness from the heart. By properly performing krsna-kīrtana, all material desires and philosophical misunderstandings are vanquished. By properly performing krsna-kīrtana, the blazing forest fire of attachment to karma and jñāna are extinguished. By properly performing krsna-kīrtana, the lotus of all auspiciousness blossoms in the heart and is as soothing as the cooling rays of the moon. Proper kṛṣṇa-kīrtana is the beloved husband of the wife of transcendental knowledge. For those who chant, it enhances the ocean of bliss at every step, and it bestows on them the ability to relish transcendental nectar. It gives love of God and bestows on the soul the freedom to engage in transcendental loving service in the spiritual sky.

The krsna-kīrtana famine in this godless world:

In this godless world, no customers are looking for pure krsna-kīrtana. As long as people think themselves nondifferent from the body, they cannot understand the need for krsna-sankīrtana. Instead, they praise material desires, jñāna, and fruitive activities. What to speak of pure kṛṣṇa-kīrtana in this godless world, no one even performs a partial form of kīrtana. Kīrtana about things not related to Krishna is māyā's kīrtana, and people are passing it off as kṛṣṇakīrtana. As a result, both chanters and audience are cheated. There is no remedy for the material disease other than chanting Krishna's holy name:

harer nama harer nama harer namaiya kevalam kalau nāsty eva nāsty eva nāsty eva gatir anyathā

The description of the different nāmāparādhas committed in the godless world:

There is no alternative to chanting the holy name of Hari. At present there is a famine in terms of harināma. Nowadays, people are trying to use harināma to fill their bellies, accumulate fame and women, cure diseases, and draw prosperity to their country or society. But harināma is not a tool to help us increase our material pleasure or attain liberation.

These days, materialistic people are eager to offend the holy name. After the performance of asta-prahara kīrtana (twenty-four-hour kīrtana), if they then discuss how to eat and live nicely, or quarrel, or discuss sense

# श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्द्

gratification, then such a kīrtana cannot be called asta-prahara kīrtana. Only constant chanting of the holy name of Hari can be called asta-prahara kīrtana. Offensive chanting is never asta-prahara kīrtana.

The reaction to nāmāparādha is material enjoyment. During the perverted form of asta-prahara kīrtana, the chanters are not chanting Lord Hari's transcendental name; rather, they are chanting  $m\bar{a}y\bar{a}$ 's name. Those who chant the Lord's pure name are guaranteed to awaken their love for Krishna. In recent times, people cheat by advertising māyā's sankīrtana as if it were krsna-sankīrtana. It is extremely necessary to save neophyte devotees or people with shaky faith from this cheating business.

- Vakṛtāvalī, from a lecture on 4 May 1925. At the Sri Gaudiya Math, Ultadanga, Calcutta.



### DANCING AND CLAPPING HANDS IN KIRTANA

Srila Nayanananda Thakur's Śrī Krsna-bhakti-rasa-kadamba 5.24

Nayanananda Thakur was the nephew and disciple of Gadadhar Pandit. Gadadhar Pandit's younger brother, Baninath Mishra, had two sons named Nayanananda and Hridayananda. Śrī Krsna-bhaktirasa-kadamba was written in 1630 A.D.

agre tāṇḍava kṛṣṇera kara ye nartana kakṣā bādya karatāli nāma saṅkīrtana bhakti bhāve nṛtya kare hṛṣṭa ātma haiṅā śarīrera pātaka paṅka jāya palāiṅā

For one who with devotion happily dances and claps their hands in sankīrtana before Krishna, all sinful reactions from their body are immediately vanquished.

— Sri Nayananda Thakur. Śrī Śrī Preyo-bhakti-rasārnava, Śrī Śrī Kṛṣṇa-bhakti-rasa-kadambha, o Śrī Śrī Śyāmacandrodaya. Edited and published by Haridas Das. Haribol Kutir. Nabadwip, West Bengal. 463 Gaurabda. Bengali.



### SWANLIKE NEGOTIATORS

#### Srila Thakur Bhaktivinode

The swanlike *vaiṣṇavas* are present in the battlefield as negotiators. They do not hate or reject various sinful persons. Swanlike *vaiṣṇavas* are always engaged in purifying the hearts of sinful persons by confidential instructions, public lectures, friendly advice, chastising, setting example, and sometimes punishing sinners.

— *Kṛṣṇa-saṃhitā.* Chapter 10, text 14. English translation by Bhumipati Das. Vrajaraj Press. Edited and published by Pundarik Vidyanidhi Das. Vrindavan. 1998.



### BEGINNING THE FEAST

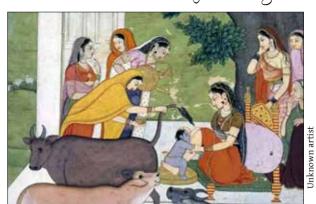
#### Hari Parshad Das

A popular Sanskrit proverb says, *brāhmaṇo bhojana-priyaḥ* — "Brahmins love feasts." What then to speak of Krishna, who is *brahmaṇya-deva* (the worshipable lord of the Brahmins)? He certainly loves feasts too.

The *Bhagavad-gītā* (18.42) describes *śaucam*, purity, as one of the important qualities of a Brahmin. One of the ways that a Brahmin ensures purity is by performing *ācamana*, ritual sipping of water at various times in the day. *Ācamana* consists of sipping water thrice and then thrice again to ensure that it has been done properly. In total, water is sipped six times during *ācamana*.

The Śrīmad Bhāgavatam describes that Putana was the first among demons to attack and try to kill Krishna. The devotee poet Dhundhiraja Shastri (the parama-guru of Sri Harisuri) has written the following realization in this regard:

paraḥ-sahasrāsura-vaṁśya-bhojī stanyena tasyāḥ kila kṛṣṇa-kālaḥ prāṇāhutīnāṁ saha-pañcakena manye 'mrtopastaraṇaṁ cakāra



The gopis and mother Yasoda with Krishna after the death of Putana

Krishna is indeed all-destroying  $k\bar{a}la$  (time). Like a Brahmin about to begin a feast of consuming thousands of demons, he first performed  $\bar{a}camana$  six times by sipping Putana's milk along with her five bodily airs.

According to Āyurveda, there are five airs in the body — prāṇa, apāna, udāna, vayāna and samāna. These airs, and especially prāṇa, sustain the soul within the body. Krishna sucked Putana's milk along with these five airs, totaling six items. The poet says that Krishna thus performed ācamana by sipping in these six items, thereby indicating that he was about to begin the grand feast of consuming thousands of demons.

— Based on *Bhāgavatam-vyañjanam* (Chapter 2, Verse 25) from the edition published by Govind Jaikrishna Kale. Nagpur. 1965 A.D.

### Ślokāmṛta

#### PRAYER TO THE VAISHNAVAS

Srila Narahari Sarkar's Śrī Kṛṣṇa-bhajanāmṛta text 29

sva-duḥkhaḥ para-duḥkāni nāśayanti mahā-janāḥ parārtha eva sādhūnāṁ vibhūtir jīvanaṁ sukham

The great souls, taking others suffering as their own, destroy other's sufferings. Concern for others is the wealth of the devotees and the happiness of life.

 English translation by Bhanu Swami. Sri Vaikuntha Enterprises. Chennai, India.



# श्रीकृष्णकथामृत बिन्दु

### THE GLORIES OF SANATAN GOSWAMI

#### The Poet Manohar

It is not clear who the author of this song is. There are a number of poets in Gaudiya history named Manohara.

#### Śri-rāga

jaya jaya pahu śrīla sanātana nāma sakāla bhūvana māchā yachu-guna grāma

All glories, all glories to Srila Sanatan Goswami! He is a mine of good qualities for the whole world.

> bhejala sakala sukha sampadapāra śrī caitanya carana bugala karu sāra

He renounced all comforts of life and accepted the feet of Sri Chaitanya as the essence.

śrī vṛindāvana bhūme kari bāsa lupata tīrtha saba karala prakāśa

He resided in the land of Vrindavan where he revealed all the hidden holy places.

śrī govinda sevā paracāri karala bhāgavata artha vicāri

He preached the service of Sri Govinda and discerned the meaning of Śrīmad Bhāgavatam.

yugala bhajana līlā-guna nāma karala vithāra grantha anupāma



Srila Sanatan Goswami offers chapatis to the deity of Madan Mohan

Doing the worship of the divine couple and their pastimes, qualities, and names, he wrote many books.

satata gaura preme gara gara deha bhrama-i vṛndāvane nā pāoi theha

Absorbed in ecstatic love for Gaura, he constantly wandered about in Vrindavan.

vipula pulaka bhara nayana nīra rāi kānu bali pada-i athira

With tear-filled eyes and his hairs standing on end, he always remained in trance chanting the names of Rai and Kanu (Radha and Krishna).

bhāva vibhuṣaṇa sakala śarīra anukhana vihara-i yamunātīra

He wandered about on the bank of the Yamuna, his body decorated with ornaments of *bhāva*.

yucha karūnāya vṛndāvana pāi bhāvei manohara sauha gosāiṅ

Manohar simply thinks of that Goswami by whose mercy one can attain Vrindavan.

[Note: The author makes a play on words. *Mana* means "mind", while *hara* means "to steal". In effect he is saying, "Sanatan Goswami steals the mind (*manohara*) of this Manohar."]

— Translated from Śrī Śrī *Parikara-gaṇera Mahimā Sūcaka*. Compiled by Kishori Das Babaji. Vaishnava Research Institute. Halisahar, West Bengal. 2005. pp. 39-40. Bengali.



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