

Fortnightly email mini-magazine from Gopal Jiu Publications

Issue No. 261

07 October 2011

Circulation 4,975

• COME TO VRINDAVAN

His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada

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The philosophy of Lord Chaitanya is that Krishna is the only object of worship. And as Krishna is the object of worship, similarly, his place, Vrindavan Dham, is also worshipable. If you go to Vrindavan, even if you don't know anything about Krishna, you will at once feel Krishna consciousness. It is such a nice place. (Lecture, New York, 29 July 1966)

No one can completely understand Lord Krishna. Similarly, the land which is known as Vrindavan also has unlimited potency. As I have mentioned several times, if you go to Vrindavan you'll still find a spiritual atmosphere with unlimited potency. Therefore Lord Chaitanya recommended, *ārādhyo bhagavān vraješatanayaḥ tad dhāma vṛndāvanam*— "As Lord Krishna is worshipable, similarly his place, Vrindavan, is as good as Krishna." If you go to Vrindavan, you'll see so many saints and sages there. They are worshiping Vrindavan Dham. (Lecture, New York, 4 January 1967)

The dirty things in our heart should be removed completely by hearing *kṛṣṇa-kathā*. That is the only way of understanding Krishna. This Vrindavan is so important and valuable. Why? Because anywhere you go in Vrindavan there is the opportunity of hearing *kṛṣṇa-kathā*. The whole atmosphere of Vrindavan is simply centered on cultivation of Krishna consciousness. Unfortunately, we take to other consciousness here in the *dhāma*. Therefore





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we become condemned. In Vrindavan, if we take to materialistic consciousness, we become condemned to accept a body other than a human being. But still the opportunity is there. Because he's in Vrindavan, he's helped and will making progress. Even as an animal,

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3ikaner school, c. 1800s

Venu Gopal

as a hog or a dog, he's making progress because he's in Vrindavan. Vrindavan is so important, because here anyone can get the opportunity to take to Krishna consciousness. It is called Vrindavan *dhāma*. *Dhāma* means residence, where Krishna resides. Vrindavan is not polluted. Vrindavan is always helping us. Anyone who comes to Vrindavan is immediately helped in spiritual life, even though he may be criminal number one. But if we keep a criminal mentality in Vrindavan, then we'll have to accept another birth and suffer. After that birth, it will be all right, and then again he will be elevated due to the influence of Vrindavan. (Lecture, Vrindavan, 11 November 1972) 🕸

THE FRUIT KNOWN As SRIMAD BHAGAVATAM Srila Vishwanath Chakravarti Thakura

Srila Vishwanath Chakravarti Thakur has commented on Śrīmad Bhāgavatam 1.1.3 as quoted in Bhakti-rasāmrita-sindhu 1.2.226:

nigama-kalpa-taror galitam phalam śuka-mukhād amṛta-drava-samyutam pibata bhāgavatam rasam ālayam muhur aho rasikā bhuvi bhāvukāḥ

O expert and thoughtful men, relish *Śrīmad Bhāgavatam*, the mature fruit of the desire tree of Vedic literatures. It emanated from the lips of Sri Sukadev Goswami. Therefore this fruit has become even more tasteful, although its nectarean juice was already relishable for all, including liberated souls.

nigamo vedah. sa eva kalpa-tarus tasya svāśritebhyo vānchita-vividha-puruṣārtha-rūpa-phala-dāyitve 'pi tarutvād yat sāhajikam tad idam bhāgavatam phalam. śleṣeṇa bhagavat-svāmikam idam. tenaiva sva-bhaktebhyo dattam iti tān vinā na kasyāpy anyasyātra svatvārope śaktir iti bhāvah. galitam iti vṛkṣa-pakvatayā svayam eva patitam, na tu balāt pātitam iti svāda-sampūrṇatvam.

The word *nigama* here refers to the Vedas. The Vedas are a *kalpa-taru*, a wish-fulfilling tree, that gives various fruits in the form of the four *puruṣārthas* (*dharma, artha, kāma* and *mokśa*) according to the respective desires of those who take shelter of it. The Vedas, because they are tree-like, also give a ripened fruit known as *Śrīmad Bhāgavatam*

The word *bhāgavatam* can also mean "that literature whose proprietor is the Lord himself". It is the Lord who bestows this scripture on his devotees, and it is not possible for anyone else to claim proprietorship over this literature.

The word "*galitam*" implies that this fruit known as *Śrīmad Bhāgavatam* has fallen not by any external force, but on its own accord, due to it being impeccably ripe. Thus it contains all sorts of unparalleled tasteful devotional mellows.

Sri Krishna-kathamrita Bindu

na cocca-nipātanena sphuțitam, nāpy anatimadhuram cety āha—suketi. paramordhvacūdatah srī-nārāyanāt brahma-sākhāyām, tato 'dhastān nārada-sākhyāyām, tato vyāsa-sākhāyām, tatah suka-mukham prāpyātapāt madhv ivāmrtadrava-samyutam. sukenaiva tena sva-cañcvamŗta-nişkramaņārtham dvāram api kŗtam. atha ca tenāsvāditatvād atimadhuram, tatah sūtādisākhātah sanaih sanaih patanād akhanditam. tena guru-paramparām vinā sva-buddhi-balenāsvādane śrī-bhāgavatasyākhanditatve pānāsaktih sūcitā.

The reason for including the word "śuka" in the verse is to show how even though the fruit fell from a height, it did not split or rupture. Neither did it lose its abundantly sweet nature. This was because Lord Narayan, the greatest of all great men, passed it down in disciplic succession through Lord Brahma, Sri Narada, and Sri Vyasadev. Finally, this great honeylike nectarean scripture (*amrta-drava-samyutam*) descended to all through the mouth (mukhād) of Sri Sukadev Goswami. The parrot-like Sukadev Goswami cut into this ripe fruit with his beak, and by doing so he immensely increased its abundant sweetness. This abundantly sweet fruit was passed down via the disciplic successions of Suta Goswami and other sages, and even now it remains unbroken and intact. The implication here is that without a guruparamparā, one cannot relish Śrīmad Bhāgavatam in the same unbroken and intact manner, even though one may apply one's intelligence to it.

nanu katham phalam eva pātavyam ity ata āha rasam iti. rasa-svarūpam evedam phalam, nātra tvag-asthy-ādi-heyāmšo 'stīti bhāvaḥ. layo mokṣaḥ sālokyādir jīvan-muktatvam vā, tam abhivyāpya tatra tatra bhagaval-līlā-gāna-prasiddheḥ. muhur iti pītasyāpi punaḥ pāne svādādhikyam eveti. aho iti vismaye. rasikā he rasajñā iti bhaktānām eva jāta-ratitvād rater eve sthāyi-bhāvatvāt sthāyina eva rasyamānatvāt nātra jñāni-karmi-yoginām ko 'pi dāya iti bhāvaḥ. he bhāvukās tata eva yūyam eva kuśalino 'nye 'mangalā eveti bhāvaḥ.

Now, what type of a fruit is *Śrīmad Bhāgavatani*? This is indicated by the word "*rasam*" in the verse. The very nature of this fruit is *rasa*. This fruit of *Śrīmad Bhāgavatam* does not contain undesirable elements like skin, seeds, etc. The word "*ālayam*" in the verse indicates that this great literature acts as a refuge even for those who have attained all types of liberations like *sālokya* (staying on the same planet as the Lord) or *jīvana-mukti* (a state of liberation even in this



Radha Krishna

lifetime). Even in all such liberated states of existence, one can relish the descriptions of the Supreme Lord's pastimes, qualities, etc., from this literature. The word "muhur" indicates that even though one may have drunk the nectar of this great literature in the past, drinking it again will simply cause one to experience even more taste in it. This surprising fact is confirmed by using the word "*aho*". The word "*rasikā*" is used to call out to all expert relishers of this great literature. This scripture is meant only for the devotees. This is because only the devotees can possess rati, love towards the Supreme Personality of Godhead. Here, rati means sthāyi-bhāva, continuous ecstasy in love, which ultimately turns into rasa. The karmis, jñānis and yogis are not fit to receive this literature. The word 'bhāvukāh' calls out — "O expert and thoughtful devotees! Only you are blessed to understand this literature, whereas all others are ill-fated."

—From the *Bhakti-sāra-pradaršinī* commentary on *Bhakti-rasāmīta-sindhu* 1.2.226. Sanskrit taken from Gaudiya Grantha Mandir (http://www.granthamandira.com). Translated by Hari Parshad Das.

RUN TO VRINDAVAN!

Excerpts from Srila Prabodhananda Saraswati's Śrī Vŗndāvana Mahimāmŗta

na kuru na kuru mithyā deha-gehādy-apekṣām mṛtim akhila-pumartha-bhramśikām viddhi mūrdhni cala cala suhṛd-adyaivābhumukhyena vajrād api ca hṛdi-kaṭhoraḥ śrīla-vṛndāvanasya

O please don't! Don't harbor illusions about your body, home and everything else! Know that death will thwart all your plans! O friend, run, run to Sri Vrindavan! Don't make your heart harder than a thunderbolt! (Text 1.70)

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marişyase kadā sakhe tvam iti kim vijānāsi kim śiśoḥ sutaruṇastha vā na khalu mṛtyur ākasmikaḥ tad adya niravadya-dhīr avapur indriyāsaktikto na kiñcana vicāraya drutam upaitu vṛndāvana

Friend, do you know when you will die? Do not even infants sometimes die unexpectedly? With clear intelligence, without attachment to the body and senses, and without stopping to think, run to Vrindavan! (1.78)

bhrātar yarhi nimīlito 'smi nayane tatra kva kāntātmaja bhrātṛ-svāpta-suhṛd-gaṇaḥ kva ca guṇāḥ kutra pratiṣiḥādayaḥ kutrāhaṅkṛtyaḥ prabhutva-dhana-vidyādyais tataḥ sanvatas tvaṁ ninvidya savidya kintu na calasy adyaiva vṛndāvanam

O brother, when you close your eyes in death, where will your loving wife, children, brothers, relatives and friends be? Where will your good qualities be? Where will your fame be? Where will your pride, wealth, education, control over others, and other powers and opulence be? O learned and intelligent friend, why do you not renounce these temporary things and run to Vrindavan? (1.81)

are śīghram śīghram suta-dhana-kalatrādi-mamatā pratāne kālo 'yam nahi vapur idam mṛty-anugatam samastālabhyānām param idam alabhyam sva-kṛpayā bhuvi vyaktam vṛndā-vipinam abhidhāvātihaṭhataḥ

This is not the time to be attached to wife, children, wealth, and all the rest. Death is now chasing your body.

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SRI KRISHNA KATHAMRITA BINDU A free bi-monthly service provided by: Gopal Jiu Publications c/o Sri Krishna Balarama Mandir National Highway No. 5, IRC Village Bhubaneswar, Orissa, India, 751015

Phone: (0674) 2553250, 2557026 Email: katha@gopaljiu.org Website: www.gopaljiu.org Subscriptions: <u>minimag@gopaljiu.org</u>

Gopal Jiu Publications is a branch of the International Society for Krishna Consciousness, Founder-Acharya: His Divine Grace A.C. Bhaktivedanta Swami Prabhupada.

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श्री कृष्णकथामृत बिन्द

Quickly, quickly run to the forest of Vrindavan, the most rare and difficult to attain of all rare things, which by its own mercy is now manifested in this world! (13.21)

vŗndāraņyam agaņya-puṣpa-nivahair dhanyāgra-gaṇyair hṛdā dhyeyann prāpya batānyato hi kudhiyo yad yūyam ādhāv atha tac cintāmaṇim eva pāda-hatibhir dūrann nirasya svayann hastāgre patita-śvapāka-bhavane bhakṣyāśayā bhrāmyatha

In your hearts, meditate on Vrindavan forest as a place filled with numberless beautiful flowers! Run to Vrindavan! O fools, if your footsteps take you away from the *cintāmaņi* jewel of Vrindavan, you will eventually find yourself begging alms at the houses of degraded dog eaters. (13.51)

kānta tvan-mātra-sañchādita-yuvati-mayāmedhya bībhatse piņde drāg-dņšie paņditānām api vilayamitā dhairya-rakṣātišikṣāḥ kā bhaktiḥ kā viraktis tad-apaḥṛta-dhiyām kaiva vṛndāvanāšā tāsām nāmāpy ašṣṇvanis tad amusara sakhe rādhikā kuṅjawāṭīm

The sight of the horrible ball of flesh covered by a thin layer of pretty skin and known as a beautiful young woman leads the moral instructions of the wise to complete destruction. What is devotional service for one whose intelligence is robbed in this way? Friend, do not stay for even a moment to hear the names of these fallen men! Simply run to Srimati Radhika's forest-groves! (13.55)

— *Śrī Vrndāvana-Mahimāmṛtam*. Adapted from an English translation by Kusakratha Das. Sanskrit taken from Gaudiya Grantha Mandir (http://www.granthamandira.com).

